

Godhead, noun [Old English, “divine nature.”]

1. The true God; the Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit.
*For since the creation of the world His invisible attributes are clearly seen, being understood by the things that are made, even His eternal power and **God-head**, so that they are without excuse, because, although they knew God, they did not glorify Him as God, nor were thankful, but became futile in their thoughts, and their foolish hearts were darkened.* Romans 1:20-21
2. Godship; deity; divinity; divine nature or essence; applied to the true God, and to heathen deities.
*Beware lest anyone cheat you through philosophy and empty deceit, according to the tradition of men, according to the basic principles of the world, and not according to Christ. For in Him dwells all the fullness of the **Godhead** bodily; and you are complete in Him, who is the head of all principality and power.* Colossians 2:8-10
3. A deity in person; a god or goddess.

god-less, adjective

1. Not having belief in God; wicked.
*Timothy, guard what has been entrusted to your care. Turn away from **godless** chatter and the opposing ideas of what is falsely called knowledge.* 1 Timothy 6:20 (NIV)
*Do you know this from ancient times, from the establishment of mankind on earth, that the rejoicing of the wicked is short, and the joy of the **godless** momentary?* Job 20:4-5 (NASB)

2. Having no reverence for God; impious; ungodly; irreligious.
*The **Godless** was a Russian organization formed to suppress religion in the Soviet Union.*
3. Atheistical; having no belief in the existence of God.

god-ly, adjective [“god-like.”]

1. Living in obedience to God’s commands, from a principle of love to Him and reverence of His character and laws; religious; righteous; as a **godly** person.
*But know that the LORD has set apart for Himself him who is **godly**; the LORD will hear when I call to Him.* Psalm 4:3
2. Pious; conformed to God’s law; as a **godly** life.

god-ly, adverb

- Righteously; piously.
*Yes, and all who desire to live **godly** in Christ Jesus shall suffer persecution.* 2 Timothy 3:12



good

good, adjective [Old English, “excellent, fine, valuable, desirable.”]

1. Complete or perfect; having the physical qualities best adapted to its design and use; the opposite of bad, imperfect, corrupted, impaired.
We say, **good** timber, **good** cloth, **good** soil, a **good** color.
And God saw everything that

*He had made, and indeed, it was very **good**.* Genesis 1:31

2. Having moral qualities which God’s law requires; virtuous; religious; applied to people, and opposite of bad, wicked, evil.

*For scarcely for a righteous man will one die; yet perhaps for a **good** man someone would even dare to die.* Romans 5:7

3. Agrees with the moral law; virtuous; applied to actions.
*In all things show yourself to be an example of **good** deeds.* Titus 2:7

4. Proper; fit; seasonable; well adapted to the end.
It was a **good** time to begin harvesting the crops. He arrived in **good** time.
5. Useful; will bring about happiness.

*And the LORD God said, “It is not **good** that man should be alone; I will make him a helper comparable to him.”* Genesis 2:18

6. Sound; perfect; uncorrupted; undamaged.
This fruit will keep **good** the whole year.
7. Suitable to the taste or to health; wholesome; not disagreeable; as fruit **good** to eat.
*And out of the ground the Lord God made to spring up every tree that is pleasant to the sight and **good** for food.* Genesis 2:9
See Webster’s 1828 Dictionary for more definitions of Good.

Gos-pel, noun [Saxon, “good message.”]

1. The history of the birth, life, actions, death, resurrection, ascension and doctrines of Jesus Christ. A revelation of the grace of God to fallen man through the Mediator Jesus

Christ, including the character, actions, and doctrines of Christ, with the whole plan of salvation, as revealed by Christ and his apostles. It is called the **Gospel** of God.

*Paul, a bondservant of Jesus Christ, called to be an apostle, separated to the **Gospel** of God.* Romans 1:1

It is called the **Gospel** of Christ.

*For I am not ashamed of the **Gospel** of Christ, for it is the power of God to salvation for everyone who believes, for the Jew first and also for the Greek.* Romans 1:16

It is called the **Gospel** of salvation.

*In Him you also trusted, after you heard the word of truth, the **Gospel** of your salvation; in whom also, having believed, you were sealed with the Holy Spirit of promise.* Ephesians 1:13

2. God’s Word.
*And this **Gospel** of the kingdom will be preached in all the world as a witness to all the nations, and then the end will come.* Matthew 24:14
3. Divinity; theology.
4. Any general doctrine.



Gospel

gos-sip, noun [Old English, “sponsor, godparent;” the sense extended in 1811 to “trifling talk, groundless rumor.”]

1. One who runs from house to house, tattling and telling news; an idle tattler.

*And besides they learn to be idle, wandering about from house to house, and not only idle but also **gossips** and busybodies, saying things which they ought not.* 1 Timothy 5:13b

*He who goes about as a **gossip** reveals secrets; therefore do not associate with a **gossip** [who talks freely or flatters].* Proverbs 20:19 (AMP)

2. Mere tattle; idle talk.

gos-sip, verb

To run about and tattle; to tell idle tales.
When you **gossip** about someone, you can injure their reputation.

gov-ern, verb [Latin, gubernare, “to direct, rule, guide.”]

1. To direct and control, as the actions or conduct of men, either by established laws or by arbitrary will. In a free country, men are governed by the constitution and laws; in countries without freedom men are governed by the commands of a ruler.
2. To regulate; to influence; to direct.

*By Me kings reign and rulers decree what is just; by Me princes and nobles rule, all who **govern** justly.* Proverbs 8:15-16 (ESV)

*One who rules [**governs**] his own house well, having his children in submission with all reverence.* 1 Timothy 3:4

3. To control; to restrain; to keep in due subjection as, to **govern** the passions or temper.
Whoever has no rule over [does

*not **govern**] his own spirit is like a city broken down, without walls.* Proverbs 25:28

Knowledge will forever **govern** ignorance; and a people who mean to be their own governors must arm themselves with the power which knowledge gives. James Madison

4. To direct; to steer; to regulate the course or motion of a ship.
The helm or the helmsman **governs** the ship.



government

gov-ern-ment, noun [from Latin, gubernare, “to direct, rule, guide.”]

- 1 Direction; regulation. These rules will serve for the **gov-ern-ment** of our conduct.
2. Control; restraint.
Men are apt to neglect the **government** of their temper and passions.
3. The exercise of authority; direction and restraint exercised over the actions of men in communities, societies or states.
God exercises authority over the world.
*And the **government** will be upon His shoulder . . . Of the increase of His **government** and of peace there will be no end.* Isaiah 9:6-7
Government is instituted to protect property of every sort;